

**BalikaVidyapithLakhisarai (811311)**

**CLASS- 5 SUBJECT- EVS**

**Based On NCERT**

**Date - 09/02/2021**

**Chapter - 12**

**Health And Hygiene**

### VACCINATION

**Vaccination** is a method of prevention against diseases. A child is given vaccination right from the birth. Different vaccinations are given for different diseases, for example, polio, tuberculosis, chickenpox, meningitis, hepatitis, measles, tetanus, etc.



Pulse Polio Programme

Information about these diseases is given by the Health Department from time-to-time. A number of times our government launches Pulse Polio Programme to give free polio drops to the children to safeguard them against this deadly disease.

The following table shows the timings of vaccination for some diseases.

| Age                     | Vaccination   |
|-------------------------|---|
| 1. At birth             | BCG (against tuberculosis)  |
| 2. 6 weeks to 9 months  | DPT (against diphtheria, whooping cough and tetanus), polio drops |
| 3. 9 months to 1 year   | Measles   |
| 4. 16 months to 2 years | DPT, polio-booster doses, typhoid                                 |

**A. What is vaccination ?**

\*\*\*\*\*

**Jyoti**